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PHYSICAL SCIENCE

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Paper 4 Extended Theory MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 80

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Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)(i)	use of gradient of the graph ;	3
	(correct read off of points and use of $\Delta y / \Delta x =$) 9.6 ;	
	correct unit m/s ² ;	
1(a)(ii)	<i>F</i> = <i>ma</i> or 0.15 × 9.6 ;	2
	= 1.44 (N) ;	
1(a)(iii)	$W = f \times d \text{ or } 1.44 \times 4.2;$	
	6.05 ;	
1(b)(i)	gradient decreases ;	1
1(b)(ii)	frictional force/air resistance increases (increases with increasing speed);	1

Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)	7 electrons in the outer/valence shell;	1
2(b)(i)	1:2 ratio Cl ₂ : 2HCl;	2
	(volume of $Cl_2 = 0.5 \text{dm}^3$;	
	OR	
	1:1 ratio Cl ₂ : H ₂ ;	
	(volume of $Cl_2 = 0.5 (dm^3)$;	
2(b)(ii)	(sunlight) provides the energy (for the reaction to occur)/ Cl_2 absorbs the UV light/ Cl_2 molecule is split by UV;	1

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Question	Answer	Marks
2(c)(i)	$2AgBr \rightarrow 2Ag + Br_2;;$	2
	1 for reagents and products (products in any order)	
	1 for balancing	
2(c)(ii)	any two from:	max 2
	exposure (of AgBr) to light ;	
	metallic silver causes darkening ;	
	gain an electron (from bromine) ;	
	by silver ions ;	
	unexposed silver bromide is removed ;	

Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)	(nuclear) fusion ;	1

Question	Answer	Marks
3(b)(i)	max two from:	3
	nuclei merge ;	
	to form larger nucleus ;	
	reference to mass energy ;	
	max two from:	
	collision of (two) <u>nuclei</u> ;	
	nuclei small ;	
	nuclei very fast moving ;	
3(b)(ii)	$E = mc^2$;	3
	(correct substitution $E = 1.4 \times 10^7 \times (3 \times 10^8)^2$;	
	$= 3.6 \times 10^{24} (J)$;	

Question	Answer	Marks
4(a)	alkane ;	1
4(b)	wax/polish ;	1
4(c)(i)	C ₂ H ₄ ;	1
4(c)(ii)	high temperatures ;	2
	high pressure ;	
4(c)(iii)	increase the rate (of reaction);	1

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Question	Answer	Marks	
4(d)	<i>test:</i> bromine water/Br ₂ (aq) ;	3	
	result with unsaturated HC: decolourises ;		
	result with saturated HC: no change/stays orange-brown ;		

Question	Answer	Marks
5(a)	material 1 and material 2 different suitable metals ;	2
	material 1 and material 3 the same suitable metals ;	
5(b)	9.2 – 1.1 or 8.1 or alternate methods ;	3
	8.1 / 100 = 0.081 V / deg ;	
	T = -14 (°C) ;	
5(c)(i)	situation where: high or low temperatures/rapidly changing temperatures/remote reading of temperature/measurement of temperature at a point ;	1
5(c)(ii)	metals have high melting points/junction very small/not much energy needed to raise its temperature/hostile environment /junction very small ;	

Question	Answer	Marks
6(a)	does not conduct AND covalent	1

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Question	Answer	Marks
6(b)(i)	any two from:	max 2
	each carbon atom attached to 4 others ;	
	atoms arranged <u>tetrahedrally</u> / <u>tetrahedral</u> ;	
	giant molecular / macromolecular ;	
6(b)(ii)	any three from:	max 3
	graphite structure is in layers ;	
	weak forces (between layers);	
	layers slide over each other	
	each carbon atom attached to (only) 3 others ;	
	(thin) layer(s) of graphite left on paper ;	
6(c)	carbon + oxygen \rightarrow carbon dioxide	1
6(d)	gain in oxygen ;	1

Question	Answer	Marks
7(a)	ray emerging with an angle of refraction > ray 1 but < ray 3 ;	1
7(b)(i)	c correctly identified and marked ;	1
7(b)(ii)	total internal reflection (with $i \approx r$);	1

Question	Answer	Marks
7(c)	$n = \sin i / \sin r (1.34 = \sin 38 / \sin r);$	3
	sin <i>r</i> = sin 38/1.34 or 0.46 ;	
	<i>r</i> = 27°;	

Question	Answer	Marks
8(a)	(calcium) reacts more quickly (than magnesium) ;	max 2
	calcium more reactive / calcium above magnesium in reactivity series ;	
8(b)	aluminium has an oxide / Al ₂ O ₃ / protective layer ;	1
8(c)	any two from:	max 2
	low density ;	
	can be alloyed ;	
	resists corrosion/resists weathering ;	
	malleable ;	
8(d)	(aluminium is) more reactive than carbon/higher in reactivity series ;	1
8(e)	amphoteric ;	1

Question	Answer	Marks
9(a)(i)	0.53 (A) ;	1

		_0.1
Question	Answer	Marks
9(a)(ii)	use of V = $I R (\rightarrow R = 3 \div 0.53)$;	2
	5.7 (Ω) ;	
9(a)(iii)	3.2(Ω);	1
9(b)(i)	100 (cm) ;	1
9(b)(ii)	use of $P = V I$ or 3×0.77 ;	2
	2.31 (W) ;	

Question	Answer		Marks	
10(a)	carbon monoxide sulfur dioxide	incomplete combustion (of carbon containing substances/of fuel in cars); combustion of fossil fuels/ combustion of fuels with sulfur impurities;		2
10(b)	acid rain/smog ;			1

Question	Answer	Marks
10(c)(i)	any three from:	3
	(NO) converted to nitrogen ;	
	reaction with carbon monoxide ;	
	by reduction / loss of oxygen ;	
	speeds up the removal (of the harmful gases);	
	honeycombed surface / large surface area ;	
	(which contains a) coating or layer of catalysts ;	
10(c)(ii)	carbon dioxide / CO ₂ ;	1
10(d)	triple bond ;	1

Question	Answer	Marks
11(a)(i)	84 ;	1
11(a)(ii)	125 ;	1
11(b)	nucleon number for Pb = 205 ;	2
	$^{4}_{2}\alpha$ correct ;	